

Overview of Epidemic Modeling Initiatives at HHS

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Preparedness***
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- **Overview of Epidemic Modeling Initiatives at HHS**
- **Results of Smallpox Modeling Working Group, Phase I**
- **Overview of one smallpox model**

Modeling at HHS: December 2001

- **Modelers and policy experts met at FIC to discuss the potential value of modeling in assisting bioterrorism preparedness efforts**
 - **Consensus: modeling is a valuable tool to compare different policy strategies**
 - **But: there are limitations and they must be understood**
 - **Recommendations: “proof of principle” project should be undertaken to address “a limited set of decision-oriented questions about intervention strategies following the introduction of a particular agent”**

Summer 2002

- **Smallpox Modeling Working Group formed**
 - Explore a range of policy options related to smallpox preparedness and response
 - Chair: Dr. Chin
 - 3 modeling groups selected
 - WG includes modelers, infectious diseases and health policy experts and Council members (Drs. Henderson, Chin and Murphy)
- **HHS developed an interagency agreement with Fogarty**
 - Fogarty has taken the lead in coordinating all activities

Smallpox Working Group Modelers

- **Dr. John Glasser**
 - **CDC**
- **Drs. Betz Halloran and Ira Longini**
 - **Emory School of Public Health**
- **Drs. Don Burke and Joshua Epstein**
 - **Johns Hopkins SPH & Brookings Institute**

December 2002

- **WG held 1st meeting**
- **Consensus: for project to be of value, modelers need to agree on set of biologically realistic input parameters for smallpox natural history and transmission**

Or else, “garbage in, garbage out”

- **Thus: great deal of effort was placed in developing standardized input parameters**
- **Also developed**
 - **Outbreak scenarios**
 - **Outbreak containment measures**
 - **Important outcome measures**

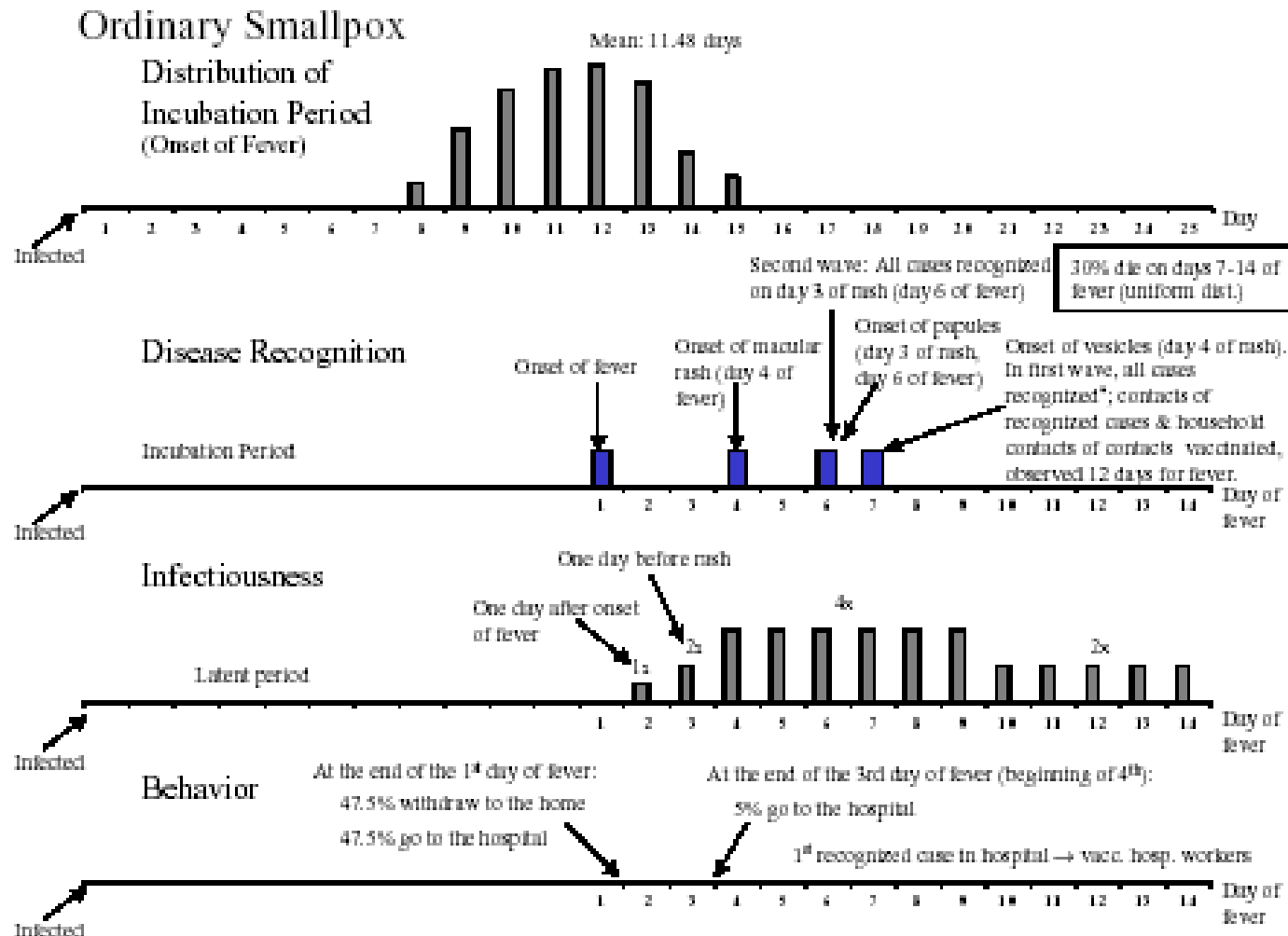
Outbreak Scenarios

- **Scenario 1 (small)**
 - 10 adult cases from an aerosol release in a restaurant, in a town of 5,000-6,000 people
- **Scenario 2 (medium)**
 - 500 mixed (adult and children) cases from an aerosol release in a movie-theater, in a town of 48,000-50,000 people

Standardized Parameters

- **Distribution of disease**
 - Ordinary, modified, hemorrhagic
- **General population structure**
- **Vaccine efficacy**
- **Characteristics of disease**
 - Progression
 - Infectiousness
 - Behavior of infected people

Standardized Parameters



Theoretical Outbreak Control Measures

	<u>Scenario</u>									
	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>
Background Immunity	No	Yes	—————▶							
Household contact trace 100%			Yes	—————▶						
Work/school contact trace 75%			Yes	—————▶						
Hospital Vac & Isol (>20d)			Yes	—————▶						
Preemptive Hospital Vaccination				10%	50%	10%	50%	10%	50%	10%
Reactive School Closure 10 d						Yes	—————▶			
Mass Reactive Vaccination						40%	40%	80%	80%	None

Outcome Measures

- **Total number of cases**
- **Proportion of cases within hospitals**
- **Number of deaths**
- **Number of persons vaccinated**
- **Duration of epidemic**

New Efforts

- **Underway**
 - **Smallpox Modeling WG - Phase 2**
 - 10,000 cases from an aerosol release in a sports arena occurring in a city of 1.6 million people
- **Immediate future**
 - **New IAAs signed between HHS and Fogarty**
 - **Anthrax Modeling WG**
 - Will meet October 2-3, 2003
 - **SARS Modeling WG**
 - Will meet Jan 2004

Acknowledgments

- **Drs. Chin and Murphy (Secretary's Council)**
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- **Dr. Larry Anderson (CDC)**
- **Dr. George Curlin (NIAID)**
- **Dr. Joel Breman (FIC)**